

THE WAYNE DEMOCRAT.

Twelfth Year.

WAYNE, WAYNE COUNTY, NEBRASKA, AUG. 7, 1896

Number

We were glad you came to Wayne, George Wiltzie.
Pleased to hear your voice again, George Wiltzie.
Glad to hear your gems of wit, Pleased to see you make a hit, Glad to see you leave us—nit, George Wiltzie.
And when e'er the press gang meet, George Wiltzie.
At the feast you'll have a seat, George Wiltzie.
You can talk or you can rhyme, We will print it every time, (For just forty cents a line.) George Wiltzie.
Here's to you and your machine, George Wiltzie.
Both the best we've ever seen, George Wiltzie.
May you keep the thing well oiled, So your measure won't be spoiled, And your joyous nature rolled, George Wiltzie.
When you've ended your best licks, George Wiltzie.
And shall cross the river Styx, George Wiltzie.
May St. Peter bow and bend, Bid you higher yet ascend, 'Cause you've been the printers friend, George Wiltzie.
Wayne, Aug. 5, '96, THE SERMONIZER.

Sioux Argus: Gib Hunt, who furnishes the brains for the Thurston Republic, candidate Peebles' paper, at a certain stipulated price per week, says: "Bryan will receive about the same number of electoral votes as did Jim Weaver—twenty-two. That is quite enough." Gib, in his over zealous efforts to please his employer, got the above statement to rank—so rank, in fact, that it sounds like a school boy's statement. Gib knows a heap about running a newspaper, more than many of us younger members of the fraternity will ever know, but he does not know how to write republican editorials. He will vote for Bryan if he does write dishonest republican editorials to make an honest living.

Norfolk News, 4th: Last fall a number of school houses in Wayne county were burglarized. Numerous officers went to work on the case but were unable to locate the right party until finally Constable Spaulding of this city unearthed him in Tekamah and he is now safely behind the bars in Wayne. The man proved to be Andrew Reil formerly of Norfolk. Sheriff Reynolds of Wayne was here yesterday serving subpoenas on witnesses for the case.
The prisoner plead guilty before Judge Witter on Monday and was held for trial at next term of court, pending which occasion he will be a guest of Sheriff Reynolds.

The Sioux City Journal of Wednesday morning says: "T. J. Steele, the live stock broker, has just returned from a business trip to Tyndall, S. D. says the farmers there have a novel way of sustaining the free silver campaign fund. Wolves are plentiful, and the county pays a \$2 bounty, and every time a farmer catches one or more he takes the scalp and is paid with a county warrant which is discounted about 20 per cent. He realizes about \$1.65 on each scalp, and this is immediately turned into the campaign fund."

South Sioux City Argus: The members of the McKinley club of this city are very much like a herd of pigs. If you pull one pig by the tail all the rest squeal. If you corner one member of the club in a political argument all the rest will commence to talk. J. C. Rundell of Wayne had all of the members talking at one time one night last week. Rundell proved to be a stayer as he cornered the entire gang and held the floor (sidewalk) until there wasn't a McKinleyite in sight.
Pender Times: George and Roy Downs, Wilbur and Lute Shephardson and Harry Webbles attended the republican rally at Wayne Saturday night. A big time is reported if the speaker did forget himself and wave the bloody shirt. The old rag isn't in it this year.

A Fine 80 Acre Farm for Sale Cheap.
If any reader of The Democrat wants to buy an 80 acre tract of good land, all under cultivation, close to Wayne, for \$22.00 an acre, with easy terms, small payment and some trade, call on us at once. **A. B. CHANDE & CO., Over State Bank.**
Sheriff Reynolds went to Omaha yesterday, to be present at the hanging of Claude Hoover, which takes place at 10 a. m. today.

All subscriptions to the DEMOCRAT must be paid to the proprietor of the paper, otherwise they will not be given credit on our subscription books. —tf

MERE MENTION.

Advertise in the DEMOCRAT. 25 cents for the DEMOCRAT to Jan. 1. Dr. Hecker, Dentist, Miller block Bicycle races Saturday afternoon. Barginis in millinery at Miss H. Wilkinsons. 21-1f
W. A. Ivory, dentist, over First National bank.
Good fall suits to order for \$20. Holtz, the tailor.
J. J. Gildersleeve was down from Laurel Tuesday.
Born: Aug. 2d, to L. C. Titworth and wife, a son.
J. H. Mitchell was up from Logan precinct Monday.
Mrs. W. G. Cross went up to Randolph Wednesday.
Mrs. Blakesly and daughter went to Omaha Wednesday.
John R. Hayes of Norfolk will speak at Laurel, Aug. 8th.
The noblest styles of fall suitings at Holtz's tailor shop.
It was about 100 in the shade last Monday; decidedly hot.

E. R. Pankratz was doing business in Sioux City Wednesday.
Well dressed gentlemen get their suits made to order at Holtz's.
Clarence Corbet returned Wednesday from his visit to Chicago.
Arthur Miller went up to Randolph Wednesday to visit his brother.
Wanted: a good horse to rent for one year. Enquire at this office.
M. H. Dodge and daughter were down from Winside Wednesday.
Miss Florence Ashley, of Fort Scott, Kan., is visiting Wayne friends.
W. M. Wright and son Fred returned from Okoboji, Monday morning.
Geo. Lundberg is now in the general merchandise business at Bloomfield.
Dr. Little of Bloomfield was in the city Monday on his way to Lincoln.
Bargains in ladies' shirt waists and notions at Miss H. Wilkinsons. 21-1f
Horace Theobald returned from a business visit to Chicago, last Tuesday.
Fall suits, better and cheaper than hand-me-downs, made by Holtz, the tailor.
Mrs. Mac Tollinger and children went Omaha yesterday to visit her parents.
Prof. Boner has commenced house-keeping in Prof. Davies' house on Pearl street.
I. O. Woolston removes from Winside today, and becomes a citizen of Wayne again.
Advertisers for fall trade had better look up The Democrat as an advertising medium.
J. R. Sutherland, secretary of the state board of transportation was in the city Tuesday.
The populists of Wayne county will hold a mass convention on Saturday, Aug. 15th, 1896, at 2 o'clock p. m.
The Catholics of Wayne and Dixon counties are arranging for a grand picnic, Aug. 26th at Nies' grove.
The grain dealers have been doing a big business the past week. One train of eleven cars went out one day.

JUST RECEIVED: A car of Standard mowers. Absolutely the best mower made. Tower & Benchoff.
Second street west of Roe & Fortner's has been christened "The Bowery." The sunflowers are seven feet high.
A local in yesterday's Journal stated: "T. J. Steele was called to Pekin, Ia., Tuesday night by the death of his mother."
A representative of Siegel Bros. cloak house is in the city and has his wares displayed in the old Kohl drug building.
Grocer Hughes says he is doing a big butter business, all of which he ships to Boston. Wednesday he shipped 15 tubs.
Mrs. H. C. Wright with Miss Alice and little Harry left yesterday morning for a few weeks visit with friends in Ottumwa, Iowa.
Bloomfield Journal: Fred Volpp was up from Wayne last Thursday. Fred is a host of company within himself and understands the financial question to a finish. He is a good talker and very zealous for the cause of the people's money. Arrangements will probably be made to have Mr. Volpp deliver an address here in German.

J. Wingert and E. Whipple are new subscribers to the DEMOCRAT this week.
The Philomatheans of the College have a picnic next Saturday at La-Porte.
Nathan Chace and wife spent Sunday with Mark Miller and wife at Randolph.
Mrs. A. F. Breuner returned Monday evening from the Samaritan hospital, Sioux City.
Editor O'Hara of Bloomfield was in the city Tuesday on his way to the Populist convention at Hastings.
C. A. Chace will go to Spirit Lake this week for an outing. He will be accompanied home by his better half.
Rev. Andrews occupied the Presbyterian church pulpit last Sunday morning and delivered a good sermon.
FOR SALE: Two thoroughbred Holstein bulls, one 2, and one 3 years old; cheap. J. F. HENRY.
City democratic caucuses will be held tomorrow evening, to elect delegates to the county convention Aug. 15th.
Dr. Sigworth, son in law of E. R. Chace, is dangerously sick with typhoid fever at his home in Anamosa, Iowa.
C. A. Chace went to Anamosa Wednesday morning owing to the serious illness of his brother-in-law, Dr. Sigworth.
The Crescents will have a banquet in the College parlors next Saturday evening and will entertain their friends.
W. Sonucken has the honor of being the first subscriber to pay dues on the DEMOCRAT to Jan. 97, under the new management.
Miss Catherine Chapin of Chicago, and her brother Gard are visiting their uncle A. T. Chapin and family of Winside.
C. J. Rundell took the stump at Emerson Wednesday evening. He is billed to speak at Cherokee, Io., Saturday night.
Mrs. W. D. Hammond entertained a number of friends at whist Tuesday evening. The prize was won by Mrs. F. L. Neely.
Even the swine must be for free silver, since an Otpe county farmer reports that he has a litter of 16 pigs from one sow.
Dan Harrington left for New York last Sunday and after trying a fall stock of goods will accompany Mrs. Harrington home.
Hamer Wilson and E. E. K. Mellor, accompanied by their families, went to Crystal Lake, Dakota county, Wednesday for a few days camping.
The DEMOCRAT begs a share of your advertising patronage and job printing. All orders will be thankfully received and promptly executed.
The Bryan Club is taking steps to organize associations in every precinct in the county. A number of old line republicans are taking active part in the work.
See card of O'Connell's billiard hall in this issue. Hugh has one of the finest pool and billiard parlors in the state since he moved into his new quarters.
Pender Republic: The Wayne quartet sang at the Presbyterian church last Tuesday evening. They are pretty vocalists and every song was heartily applauded.
Prof. Keller and his chorals of vocalists are doing some good work on "David, The Shepherd Boy." The cantata will be presented to the public in a couple of weeks.
You can put hay in the stack or barn with a Keystone hay loader and side delivery rake cheaper and better than by any other known method. Tower & Benchoff. 129-1f
A street politician says: "The British took our lead twice; took our water once; and then our gold. Now, if they don't like our silver we'll give 'em more lead."

Fr. Weitzer and Gen. Manager Howe of the Sugar City beet factory were in the city Wednesday and spent a portion of the day looking over the beet crop which promises to be an over-production.
A call has been extended to the silver advocates to meet at the Chichester school house, Plum Creek, Aug. 14, at 7:30 p. m., for the purpose of organizing a Bryan club. Good speakers will be present and a big turnout is anticipated.
The weeds have attained a rank growth on the back streets and should be cleared away at once before a pestilence strikes the town. Here is an opportunity for the marshal to exercise his authority; for the weeds are certainly a nuisance and should be "pulled."

People whose brutal passions get away with their good sense, says the Blair Republican, should not argue on politics. And this applies to all parties.
An exchange says it is noticed that most of McKinley's addresses are short. He is afraid to keep his mouth open very long at a time—afraid he will get his foot in it.
Dr. Leisenring and A. B. Charde had rather a warm discussion with a couple of travelers, front of the Boyd, last Monday afternoon. The gold breed of bugs were about skinned alive.
Laurel Advocate: One of our prominent farmers bought \$120 worth of lightning rods one day this week, which he had contracted for at \$7.50. The deal was finally settled by his paying \$90 in cash.
An agent of a Fremont "exchange library" concern is in the city endeavoring to establish a way station for their literature at this point. We were bitten once before and couldn't "shoot the chutes."

GOING TO BOKHAM'S TO GET A CAMPAIGN BANNER.

The Republican says it is hardly probable we shall have a fair this fall. The conditions are ripe for a better fair than any in the past. The society being out of debt, is all the more reason why the county should continue to advertise itself.
Prof. Davies was up to Bloomfield Wednesday and says the Germans of that town and surrounding country are fixing for an immense Dutch Rally of the silver persuasion. Fred Volpp will be speaker of the day. The rally is being gotten up by the "Sons of Herman."

The Laurel Advocate says that if corn keeps on growing at the present rate in that vicinity, farmers will have to use step ladders. Between here and Wayne there is not a single field but will measure from six to 12 feet high, and two ears are nicely sprouted on every stalk.
Prof. M. S. Davies and wife will leave the last of this month for Denver and will spend the winter on the coast for the benefit of Mrs. Davies' health. They will be much missed from Wayne's social circle, but their friends hope to see them return in the spring time.
The Democratic primaries to select delegates to the county convention will be held tomorrow evening, Aug. 8, at 8 o'clock. The 1st ward voters will meet at Jas. Britton's law office; 2d ward at the court house; 3d ward at Love Hotel. All democrats are requested to turn out.
The outlook at present is that the beet growers will dispose of their crop in September. Samples will be sent to the factory as early as the 22d inst to be tested, with a fair prospect of their being ripe enough to harvest. P. M. Corbit had a fine specimen on exhibition yesterday which weighed four and a quarter pounds.
Republican capitalists and money sharks are making a good many rank bluffs nowadays as to what they will or will not do if Bryan is elected and the first entering wedge for an increased circulation is made. We do not believe the poor man will be coerced into voting for McKinley.

ADVERTISED LETTER LIST.
The following is a list of letters, etc., remaining in the postoffice at Wayne, Nebraska, for the week ending Aug. 4, 1896:
Frank Johnson, P. Reitendall, Geo. Schroder, Peter Witt.
Parties calling for the above please give date when advertised.
A. P. CHILDS, P. M.
An Oklahoma editor makes the following announcement in his paper: "Yesterday we were married. It will be remembered that both our former wives eloped with the foreman of our office. To avoid any further inconveniences of this kind we have this time married a lady who is herself a compositor, and she will set type while we hustle for the ducks who are keeping their goods on the shelf because they don't advertise."

Hair Cut—25 cts.
We, the undersigned barbers of Wayne, have agreed to hereafter charge 25 cents for hair cutting.
J. M. SHERRER,
WILL RICKABAUGH,
LARISON & LUDEKE.
Expert T. J. Welty was in town yesterday, interested in the commissioners doings.

The wheelmen will have some good races at the fair grounds next Saturday afternoon at two o'clock. 15 cents admission, children 10 cents.
The campaign songs gotten up by the glee club are in big demand and will be published and put on sale. A. H. Miller and the members of his quartet are likely to gain an enviable reputation as original song writers.
Editor Gib Hunt of the Pender Republic was in the city Tuesday. Republican politics is very nauseating to the old democratic war horse, and our advice to the Col. is to make another flop and get on the Bryan band wagon.
Mrs. F. F. Wheeler and two children will go to housekeeping in Wayne as soon as a suitable house can be secured. Mrs. W. is a sister of Mrs. C. A. Chace and the DEMOCRAT man. Mr. Wheeler is working in the gold fields of South Africa.
The directors of the State bank held a meeting on Monday and authorized President Jones to purchase the building, now occupied by the bank, of Henry Lay. The building will be completely overhauled; new roof, new stairway, and newly plastered. The DEMOCRAT office will likewise be thoroughly renovated.
Gen. Coxe, or Coxe, as some of the ladies call him, will make some stump speeches in South Dakota.

The DEMOCRAT man has lived in that state long enough to know that the populists will capture every state office next election, and the Republicans are going to help them. We don't believe Coxe is needed; the Bryan boom is on; the people demand relief.
The labor of getting out the DEMOCRAT this week has been greatly retarded owing to the fact that we have allowed the force only three days in which to distribute the old forms and do the work on this issue. We are safe in promising our readers a better paper from this date, and it will be printed at a regular hour every Friday morning.
H. L. Kimball, the robust looking young attorney who resides in A. A. Welch's notarial sanctum; says he is going to advertise for his identity, he having lost it since the present editor of the DEMOCRAT came to town. The fact that Mr. Kimball is a remarkably good looking fellow, will avert the tragedy that otherwise would occur were we taken for our lawyer friend.

The Germania beer hall, five miles west of Winside, was the scene of a bloody row last Sunday night. John Springer, a butcher's employe of Winside, went to the hall loaded with a couple of carving knives and a double-jointed jag of booze. A fellow named Roteman was badly slashed and had to be sewed up by Dr. Cherry to keep him from bleeding to death. Springer carried his jag back to Winside and in trying to paint the town red came in contact with Marshal Cavanaugh who promptly threw him into the bastille.
Col. C. J. Rundell returned from a tour of the Hawkeye state last Saturday. The Colonel says he had lots of fun in Sioux City, and being asked how, replied "why, I found a few dard fools over there who are going to vote for McKinley." He also says he has scheduled a joint debate with Geo. D. Perkins. While the DEMOCRAT may not approve of Rundell's political tactics, we believe he has the ability to knock the puny statesman of the big 11th Iowa into a cocked hat.

A Bryan Free Silver club was organized at Winside last Saturday evening, with the following officers: President, Andy Shinn; Vice-President, H. B. Miller; Secretary, Walter Gaebler; ass't Sec., Geo. Wright; Treasurer, John Mundy; Executive committee, Dan Cavanaugh, Andrew Hupp, and M. H. Dodge. The club starts out with an even hundred members, which will be greatly increased in the next thirty days. Winside will give a good account of herself in November.

The Young Men's Bryan club held a rattling, lively meeting in Mellor hall last Saturday evening. Geo. Wilbur was elected permanent chairman and makes an admirable presiding officer. Charles Reynolds was chosen for secretary. Elmer Lundberg and C. C. Hurley delivered impromptu speeches and awakened no end of applause and enthusiasm. Prof. Pile gave the boys some very good advice; wished them not to rush blindly into discussions on silver but to carefully study the text and to be reasonable and debate on the question as learned gentlemen. The Glee club rendered a couple of selections and an adjournment was taken until tomorrow evening, Aug. 8th.

The semi-annual meeting of the Northeast Nebraska Press Association was held in Wayne on Tuesday, and was called to order at 5 o'clock by President Hunt, the following newspapermen being in attendance: W. Hunt, Pender Republic; J. H. Lohman, secretary, Randolph Reporter; J. L. McKean, Bancroft Blade; D. Carroll, Winside Tribune; Robt Lynn, Wausa Enterprise-Herald; W. B. McKean, Randolph Reporter; D. H. Coelen and Will Swenson, Randolph Times; E. V. Cobb, Emerson Enterprise; W. M. Wheeler, Wakefield Republican; W. H. McNeal, and Chas. Beebe, Wayne Herald; E. Cunningham and Fred Libbert, Wayne Republican; W. S. Goldie, Wayne Democrat; A. P. Childs and W. V. Coons. In the afternoon session B. W. McKean read an interesting paper on "the best means to collect subscriptions, and Gib Hunt made some interesting remarks to the "boys." At the evening session Wheeler of the Wakefield Republican made a good talk on "Trade Ads." and A. P. Childs conducted a "round table" talk on various subjects. The meeting was then thrown open to the public. Frank Fuller welcomed the gang to the city, which was responded to by the president with one of his characteristic speeches and the fellow that thinks the "old man" can't talk is decidedly off his head. George W. Wiltzie of Randolph made a decided hit on "News paper Men as a Class," and gave the editors what they are always doing for others—a free puff. A. L. Tucker made an entertaining talk on the "Influence of the Local Press." This concluded this part of the session, and ice cream, cake, lemonade and cigars were furnished the "fattest take" of all. As a whole the meeting, though not so largely attended was an interesting and profitable one. The next session will be held in Wakefield, the time being left to the discretion of the executive committee.

Papers that support Bryan have howled vigorously over the way the eastern papers talked about the Chicago convention. Now they are taking their own turn at it, and are giving the effete easterners a few lessons in the art of picturesque abuse. So far the Butte Miner and the Missoulian seem to beat any other Montana papers. The Miner says the pops were "kicking, bucking, wild-eyed, senseless and rampant individuals." The Missoulian calls them the "greatest aggregation of pig-squealing, swill-seeking, hog-rooting animals ever turned loose in a pen. This loot-loving, slop-scenting crowd, anxious to get all four feet in the through at once, or find a hole in the fence that keeps them from a fat cornfield stood up on their hind legs and squealed until they took the kinks out of their tails and the flop out of their ears. The razor backs of the south and the hazel splitters of the north joined in one long, loud, lustful porcine pibroch. They sloberbed and gnashed their tusks or shook from their sides the mire in which they had wallowed claiming it to be perfume more sweet than that which arises from the vale of Cashmere."

Candidate Bryan leaves Lincoln today for New York City where at Madison Square Garden he will on the 12th, deliver the speech of the campaign. Those who have been taken into his confidence, and there is certainly one, say that this speech of Mr. Bryan will astonish the country, and that it contains a number of pleasing metaphors never before used on any stage, and which have nothing in common with "crowns of thorns" or "crosses of gold."

The Norfolk News says it is highly amusing to listen to the different political arguments that are sometimes put forth on the street corners. The following rather shallow one was heard this morning, explaining why a man was either a gold or silver bug. The party said that "a man with gold in his pocket was a gold bug, the man who had silver was a silver bug, and the fellow who had nothing was a d-d populist."

Some wise editor has said: "Sixteen to one" should not be misconstrued as it seems to be by some. It means that those now having one dollar will have sixteen; that the present price of one drink will then purchase sixteen, though of course the per cent of water will be increased to the proper ratio; proud parents of one child will be glad when the summer months are over.
At their meeting Monday the directors of the State bank declared a semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent, carried one per cent to the credit of the fund; a pretty good showing in comparison with other banks of the times.

W. S. GOLDIE, Publisher.

WAYNE NEBRASKA

The extent of the work to be done in improving the navigation of the Mississippi river is disclosed in the latest annual report of Major Hanbury...

Germany is fast turning out its older generals, thirty-two have been forced to retire within a year, which beats the record.

Foreign books are admitted free of duty in all cases in sixty-nine countries out of 110 whose laws have been investigated by M. Le Soudier.

In France, it seems, that there is a strong superstition that the opera of Ambrose Thomas bring some sort of ill luck.

William Palmer, an engineer of Middletown, N. Y., while riding on a bicycle a few days ago along a towpath of the Delaware and Hudson canal...

The United States consul at Havre, France, recently sent home some samples of new textile fabrics, which were exhibited at the state department in Washington.

The gold brick industry is languishing at present, but in Idaho an old trick is being revived.

The most expensive and extensive wine cellar in the world is owned by the Roumanian government.

There is considerable risk incurred in shoeing vicious horses, both to the blacksmith and to the horse itself.

A 5-year-old boy in Dover, N. H., was taken to a dentist and had three teeth extracted.

One of the most "advanced" countries under the sun is New Zealand, where they propose to create an old age pension fund.

"Marmaduke" in London Truth asks if it is not time that the custom of burying murderers in unconsecrated ground should cease?

The decree of the Italian government concerning the time of the execution of the "Barber of Seville" is a case of arbitrary law.

One Melroy World, a former convict at Lincoln, who came to Schuyler after the expiration of his sentence...

Some time ago William Schroeder, a farmer living four miles southeast of Fairmont, was appointed guardian of the estate of Alexander Frye, deceased.

A man giving his name as Carson has been locked up at Calhoun as being crazy. He paraded up and down the streets with a large club...

The 11-year-old son of C. B. Dempster, at Beatrice, was quite seriously injured by falling from a turning pole.

In company with Tremmes Hawk, Robert Spencer, son of R. J. Spencer of Plainview was thrown from a buggy and killed.

Lawrence Bright, who was hired some time ago by the school board to take the census of the old school district...

H. A. Wells' store at Palmer was entered by burglars and stole seven pairs of women's and men's shoes.

While threshing on the farm of J. M. Smith, on a thrashing machine, near North Bend, the governor belt gave way, destroying a separator valued at \$800.

The new Christian church at Chadron has been dedicated. It is a frame structure with a seating capacity of about 200.

Petty burglaries are getting to be numerous at Falls City. Houses have been entered at night and during daytime.

Examiner N. Podrea has completed the examination of the books of Henderson L. Graves, county treasurer of Banner county.

The young son of J. K. Griffin, living two miles southwest of Sycamore, was seriously injured by being thrown from a horse.

A valuable team has been stolen from the stables of Ed Hughes, on Rock Creek, near Fairbury.

A new postoffice has been established at Callisan, Dundey county, with Chas. C. Richards as postmaster.

The wife of Joseph Tlsar, living three miles northwest of Tolas, committed suicide. Cause unknown.

The day on the moon is a fortnight in length. During that period the temperature on the illuminated side probably rises to 230 degrees Fahrenheit.

Some conception of the manner in which the Catholic church is spreading throughout the world may be derived from the fact that in pagan, Protestant and Mohammedan countries the number of Catholics increased from 1,000,000 to 20,000,000 in the past century.

Scheme to Harmonize the National Factions.

Convention to Meet in Dublin on September 1 - John Dillon Outlines the Peace Plan.

London, Aug. 5.—It is authoritatively announced that a genuine, earnest effort will be made at Dublin a month hence to harmonize all factions in the ranks of the Irish nationalists.

It is, of course, impossible to gain this fusion without important personal and other concessions on all sides.

The national convention which is to meet in Dublin on September 1 was summoned with a view of affording the opportunity to all who desire to see unity restored among the Irish nationalists.

"It is now manifest that so far as Ireland and the Irishmen in Great Britain are concerned the convention will be the most representative which has assembled since the split of 1891.

The Parnellite party has also been invited to take part in making the arrangements for the convention.

"The convention was not summoned in the interests of any section or of any individual, as is plainly shown by the rules which have been laid down for the admission of delegates.

"The Parnellite party has also been invited to take part in making the arrangements for the convention.

"This peace movement is genuine and sincere, and any faction which resists it will assume a grave responsibility before the Irish race.

"The young man is a victim of alcoholism, and he has spent a year in the insane asylum at Mt. Pleasant.

The old man acted in self defense, as he had the knife out for the purpose of opening the door of a milk house.

The old man slashed right and left and the boy got in the way of the knife.

The doctors doubt the son's recovery.

The Chinese viceroy, who is visiting England as the guest of the nation, today visited the queen at Osborne house.

London, Aug. 4.—The report of the labor department of the government board of trade for the month ending July 15, demonstrates that, despite the croakers, hard times across the water are rapidly becoming a thing of the past.

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Berlin, France, Aug. 5.—It is stated that the various European courts have received letters from members of the royal family of Greece, saying that King George will probably abdicate in favor of Crown Prince Constantine.

Chamberlain, S. D., Aug. 5.—On the 13th inst. bids will be opened at Yankton agency for the construction of one or more artesian wells.

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A Nice Big Plateau of Ice Found in the Interior.

Tromsø, Norway, Aug. 5.—The Arctic expedition, headed by Sir Martin Conway and his nephew, has accomplished the first crossing of Spitzbergen from east to west.

The members of the expedition were Sir Martin Conway and his nephew, Trevor Bartie; Dr. J. W. Gregory, E. J. Garwood and Mr. Studley.

They possessed two Norwegian ponies and three sledges of the pattern adopted by Nansen.

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War Predicted After the November Election.

The Times and Echo Predicts War With England if Bryan is Elected and Sectional Strife if McKinley Wins.

Washington, Aug. 4.—On the evening of the opening of the democratic convention at Chicago, and when it was already evident that the silverites would be in overwhelming control...

The election of Mr. W. J. Bryan—a young man from Nebraska, and an impassioned orator, but hitherto an unknown politician—as the democratic candidate for the presidency, seals the adherence of the democrats to the silverites.

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All Records Were Eclipsed at Chicago Yesterday.

Chicago, Aug. 4.—All records at live bird or any other kind of trap shooting were eclipsed Monday, the preliminary day of the Dupont world's championship tournament.

The shooting Monday was of a very high order. In the first event there were forty-nine ties for first money and in the second twenty-nine. The wind blew strong from the southeast and the heat at times was intense.

The first event Monday was at five birds, for \$5 entrance with \$100 added, divided into three moneys, American association rules governing.

The second event was a seven bird, \$7 entrance, four moneys, same division. Those who made clean scores were: E. Bingham, C. W. Powers, L. D. Fulford, H. A. Solomon, J. P. Watson, G. Roth, R. Trimble, Davenport, Meade, Fanning, J. Parks, B. Barto, Kelsey, Ethelred, Messner, Frost, Westfield, Merrill, A. W. Diebray, Trotter, Georgeson, A. H. King, J. Parker, "Plumber," G. Bucker, J. P. Smead, C. B. Dicks, Montmorency.

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RACED FOR A BRIDE.

How Two Brooklyn Youths Settled Their Rivalry for a Young Lady's Hand.

New York, Aug. 4.—Among the most gallant members of the Eureka Social club of the East Side are Samuel Levy and Harry Pales.

Mr. Levy and Mr. Pales work hard in the large dry goods emporium in East Broadway, and, as the object of their admiration is employed in the same street, much rivalry has arisen as to who should escort her home.

Patience no longer being a virtue, they burst into a torrent of words, each asserting an intention to "sit out" the other.

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STRUCK NATURAL GAS.

Artesian Well Drillers Get a Scare in Yankton County.

Chamberlain, S. D., Aug. 4.—Drillers engaged in sinking an artesian well on the farm of William Miner, in Yankton county, had a curious experience.

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FORTY-THREE LIVES LOST

List of the Victims of the Railroad Wreck.

Thomas O'Hoolihan, Engineer of the Reading Train, Saved His Life by Jumping—Six of the Hurt May Die.

Atlantic City, N. J., July 31.—A railroad accident, horrible in its details and sickening in its results, occurred Thursday evening just outside of this city, and as a result about 100 persons are either killed or injured. The Reading railroad express, which left Philadelphia at 5:40 in the evening for Atlantic City, crashed into a Pennsylvania railroad excursion train at the second signal tower about four miles out from here. The Pennsylvania train was returning to Bridgeton with a party of excursionists from that place, Millville and neighboring towns. It was loaded with passengers, and a rough estimate of the killed and injured places the number at 100. It is hoped, however, that this is an exaggeration, but the number is undoubtedly more than fifty.

Philadelphia, July 31.—Advices from Atlantic City to the office of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad company in this city this morning, place the number of killed in last night's railroad accident at forty-three, including the engineer and fireman of the Reading train. There are no new developments regarding the responsibility for the terrible loss of life, but the accident seems to have resulted from the failure of Engineer Farr of the Reading train, to obey the signals at the block station, which it is generally agreed were set against his train, and required a full stop. Engineer Farr and his fireman were both killed.

Engineer Kriner of the West Jersey, says that as he neared the crossing, he saw the Reading train approaching from the opposite direction. A Camden and Atlantic train was also coming toward the city and it seemed to him that both trains were running. The signals at the blockhouses were open for him to go on, and knowing that if such be the case, that the block must be against the Reading train, he expected the latter to stop. Before he realized it, he saw a collision was inevitable and he was about to jump at the point where the Reading engine, now lies, but he took a desperate chance and stuck to his post.

List of the Dead.

Atlantic City, N. J., July 31.—The work of searching for the dead at the scene of last evening's railroad catastrophe was continued all through the night and this morning. With the exception of the body of Engineer Farr, which was pinned to the earth under his engine, no others were recovered from the wreck. The engineer had met instant death at his post of duty and in the collision had become wedged under the engine, an iron arm crushing in his breast and fastening him to the earth in a manner which resisted all attempts to release him last night.

The revised list of the dead is as follows:

- S. P. Murphy, Millville, N. J.
- James Peters.
- J. D. Johnson.
- Charles D. Burroughs, Bridgeton.
- Body, supposed to be Charles Saay.
- H. F. Belle.
- H. C. Troper.
- Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Goldsmith, all of Bridgeton.
- Samuel Thorne, Atlantic City.
- Charles Murta, 273 Pearl street, Bridgeton.
- John Greiner, Bridgeton.
- Charles Eackler, Salem.
- Charles P. McGear.
- Mr. and Mrs. Trenchard, Bridgeton.
- Franklin Duboles, Clearfield, Pa.
- J. Ernest, Bridgeton.
- Woman's body, supposed to be that of Mrs. Jennie Sheppard of Bridgeton.
- Mary Wentzell, Alloway, N. J.
- Lydia Carr.
- Pearl Murta, Bridgeton.
- Mrs. Elmer May, Palatine, N. J.
- Mrs. H. F. Bell.
- Anna Frees, Bridgeton.
- Edward Farr, Reading engineer, Atlantic City.
- Man, supposed to be Charles Sebort, Bridgeton.
- Charles May, Palatine, N. J.
- W. W. Wood, shipping clerk, Camden.
- G. B. Taylor, no address.
- James L. Bateman, Bridgeton.
- Part of a shirt was found with the name stamped "A. H. Fox."
- Mrs. Hattie Loper.
- Harvey Hughes, Bridgeton.
- Rebecca M. Loper, Yorktown.
- At the City hospital every cot and mattress is pressed into service. It is still crowded with 34 patients.
- There are now nine persons at the Excursion house where the dead have been gathered which are not identified; boy about 12 years supposed to be A. Peters.
- Parts of the human frame were found scattered over the field and mingled in the debris. These gruesome objects were gathered together in one heap and turned over to the charge of an undertaker.
- The clothing hats, caps, bonnets, gloves, coats and jackets gathered from the field and wreck were piled together in a heap. Most of them were blood stained, many were torn into tatters. The remnants of handkerchiefs, and petticoats told an eloquent story of women who were attracted to the scene of the disaster, parting with their wearing apparel to furnish bandages for the wounded.
- The catastrophe has cast a pall over this usually gay and pleasure loving resort. It is the topic on every side and is discussed with mingled feelings of sadness and horror.

Revised List of Injured.

- Albert H. Taylor, scalp wounded and arm broken; 213 Pearl street, Bridgeton.
- Wm. Wentzell, scalp nearly torn off; Alloway, N. J.
- Mary Pitman, aged 11, lacerated and wounded head; Yorktown, N. J.
- John S. Kelly, compound fracture of femur, internal injuries, probably fatal; Camden.
- Wm. Spaulding, transfer agent of the Reading railroad, received internal injuries and not expected to live; Philadelphia.
- Della Johnson, back hurt and head cut; Shilley, N. J.
- Harry Watson, 18 years, legs broken and head injured; Yorktown, N. J.
- S. Watson, arms crushed; Yorktown.

Mrs. J. S. Johnson.
W. Johnson, fractured femur.
Miss Edna Murta, contusion of back.
Mrs. L. C. Hensley, general contusion.
Samuel Mutt, scalp and internal injuries.
Mrs. Murta, lacerated cheek.
Wesley Lee, lacerated scalp.
Howard Woodline, broken arm; all of Bridgeton.

Samuel Wilson and Stanford Wilson, Elmer Wentzell, Alloway; fractured arms and legs.
Unknown woman, light hair, dark clothing, fractured skull.
Mrs. Richard Frees, head badly cut; Yorktown.
Frank Morrell, fractured ankle and lacerated wound of scalp, East Orange, N. J.

In the wards of the hospital this morning, the scene was shocking. The air was filled with the groans of men, the cries of women and the sobbing of little children.
The dead were all gathered at the old Sea View Excursion house, which was improvised into a morgue. The bodies were laid about the floor of the big dancing hall of the pavilion in rows. It was a horrible sight. The corpses were in all stages of mutilation. There were headless, armless and legless trunks and in some instances, the torsos were crushed out of all semblance of recognition. There were thirty-seven bodies on view. Moving through the horrible mass were streams of people, some curious, but a majority with anxiety pictured on their faces or weeping while looking for lost loved ones or friends.

A Jury Empanelled.
Coroner Wm. C. McLaughlin impaneled a jury at 12 o'clock noon. He will institute a searching investigation to fix the blame. The coroner states that up till noon he has accounted for forty-two dead, all of whom have been identified except twelve. The injured so far as can be ascertained number forty-three, but these are only the more seriously injured.

43 People Were Killed.
Atlantic City, N. J., July 31.—The coroner this morning announces that forty-three persons were killed in last night's railroad collision and that six others now in the hospitals here, will likely die from their injuries. It is learned that Fireman Thomas O'Hoolihan of the Reading train was killed as at first announced, but that he saved himself by jumping from the engine when he saw that a collision was inevitable.

STORY OF A PASSENGER.

Graphic Account of the Terrible Wreck by an Eye Witness.

Philadelphia, July 31.—A graphic and harrowing account of the terrible collision last night at Atlantic City between trains of the Reading and the Pennsylvania railroads is given by Julius Price, Jr. Mr. Price arrived here on an early train this morning.
"The 5:40 train of the Reading road, in which I went down to Atlantic City," said he, "seemed to be making its regular time. I had a seat to myself, the second from the rear door of the regular smoker, back of the baggage car. As we came to the tower, half way between Pleasantville and Atlantic City, the train came to a halt with a severe jolt. The shock was so pronounced, even in the second car, that it swayed us all forward and then back, then forward. None of us in the smoker were hurt; I doubt whether any were even bruised. Several of us hastened to the forward car of those overturned. By the time we reached it those of the passengers whom the collision had left able to free themselves were scrambling out of the windows. We helped as many as we could, but the cars were so badly smashed that it was impossible to remove all by the doors. We set to work dragging away portions of the shattered roof of the second car and carried out a number through the opening.

"The sights that were presented after the majority of the dead and wounded had been removed were truly appalling. I saw at least twenty-five persons lying apparently dead on the bank, where they had been removed. There were many others pinned in the debris who could not be freed without the aid of mechanical appliances. With one of the passengers in my car I helped carry a man who was internally injured to a spot where a number of others lay who had been hurt. On the way he told us in broken words that he feared his entire family was destroyed, his wife, his child and his wife's mother and father. As we lowered him to the ground a woman, all bandaged, came up crying and sank beside the sufferer, saying, 'Harry, Harry; oh, my God, he's dying!'"

FUSION AT FARGO.

The Slate Agreed on by the Populists and Democrats.
Fargo, N. D., July 31.—In the populist convention yesterday the report submitted by the fusion committee to decide on the division of offices between the populists and democrats was adopted. The democrats offered to trade congressman for auditor, which had fallen to the populists. The matter was referred to a committee, one from each delegation, to select nominees for the positions allotted to them.
The nominating committee did its work with great deliberation, for it was 3 o'clock before it reported the following slate:
Governor—R. B. Richardson of Pembina.
Auditor—J. T. Eager of Stutsman.
Secretary of State—J. E. Hodgson of Sargent.
Superintendent of Public Instruction—Laura J. Eisenhuth of Foster.
Presidential Electors—D. F. Selgried of Barnes, C. A. Digness of Traft and Wildner of Morton.
The convention adjourned to meet at Grand Forks August 12, the date of the democratic state convention.

Dynamiters to Be Released.

London, July 31.—The Globe, a conservative organ, says that several of the Irish political dynamiters who are now serving long sentences will shortly be released owing to the bad condition of their health.

BRAVES HIS FATHER'S ANGER

Young Vanderbilt Weds the Woman of His Choice.

Cornelius Jr., and Miss Wilson Made Man and Wife—None of the Bridgroom's Family Graced the Occasion.

New York, Aug. 3.—Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., was married shortly after noon today to Miss Grace Wilson at the bride's residence, 511 Fifth avenue. The utmost secrecy was maintained about the ceremony and the bride's family refused to give out any details. No members of the Vanderbilt family were present at the ceremony.

Young Vanderbilt, with his bride, left the Wilson residence at 12:35 o'clock. He looked pale and worried. The couple entered a carriage and were driven to the Grand Central station. There they boarded a train for Saratoga, N. Y., where they will pass the honeymoon.

The Vanderbilt-Wilson engagement was announced last May and June 4 was the day set for the marriage. Society was startled to learn that the contemplated union had not the approval of the Vanderbilt family and that the young man had been threatened with disinheritance if he contracted the alliance. On June 2 Mr. Vanderbilt, Jr., was taken ill with rheumatism, which resulted in a postponement of the wedding. Then came the news that the elder Vanderbilt had been stricken with paralysis, brought on, it was said, by worry over his son's persistent determination to wed Miss Wilson. There were many stormy scenes, it is said, in the Vanderbilt mansion between father and son, which culminated in the young man notifying his father that he would marry the girl of his choice at any cost. Mr. Vanderbilt's objection to the marriage was on account of the youthfulness of his son, who is but 22 years old, while Miss Wilson is six or seven years his senior.

PAINTERS AND DECORATORS.

The National Convention Called to Order in Chicago.

Chicago, Aug. 3.—The council chamber of the city hall was well filled this morning when the national convention of the Brotherhood of Painters and Decorators of the United States was called to order by President John M. Welton of this city. Delegates from between sixty and seventy local unions in as many cities of the country and representing a total membership of nearly 10,000, responded to the roll call.
This organization has attracted attention on account of the sensational discussions in its ranks. Two years ago at the convention in Buffalo a number of the unions seceded and established headquarters at Baltimore under the leadership of John T. Elliott, and since that time the two factions have been known as the Elliott and McKinney factions, the latter leader being the general secretary-treasurer, and located at Lafayette, Ind. For a time the Elliott element had the indorsement of the Federation of Labor, but at the last convention of this order a pledge was given that peace would be restored. So far this pledge has not been carried into effect. At the present time the Elliott faction has a membership of about 3,500, while the McKinney faction rolls up about 7,000. It is thought that the present convention will prove the death knell of the Baltimore concern, especially as many of the preceding lodges are represented here today.

OLEOMARGARINE CONTEST.

Armour & Co. Seek to Have the Order for Railroad Books Vacated.

Syracuse, N. Y., Aug. 3.—In the \$1,700,000 action brought by the state against Armour & Co., and the Armour Packing company for violation of the oleomargarine and butterine law, a motion was made before Justice Peter B. McLennan in special term here upon an order to show cause why seven orders obtained by the state directing as many railroad officials to produce their books before a referee should not be vacated. General Benjamin F. Tracey and Frank H. Platt of New York and Attorney Custer of Chicago appeared for Armour & Co. and the motion was opposed by Senator Joseph Mullin and Daniel A. Griffin of Watertown and Attorney General Theodore E. Hancock.
The state claims that the books of the four big railroad corporations of this state show shipment of butterine and other facts which they are anxious to secure. General Tracey, who made the principal argument for the motion, took the position that the plaintiff had no right to examine third parties. Justice McLennan allowed until September 1 in which to file briefs. Upon his decision the action will stand or fall.

SENATOR GORDON'S POSITION

He is a Sound Money Man but Will Support Bryan.

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 3.—Senator John B. Gordon of Georgia, whose name has been mentioned for the vice presidency on a gold democratic ticket, says that he would not accept any nomination for any political position. "While remaining a sound money man, he will support the nominees of the Chicago convention. Senator Gordon is opposed to a second ticket being placed in the field by the democratic party.
"I know Bryan intimately," he said, "and I consider him a well-balanced, honest, upright man. In spite of his radical currency views, I do not believe if elected he would allow the ultra silverites in his party to control his actions. He is a man who would feel profoundly impressed by the sense of his responsibility, and he would, I think, be much more conservative than he is generally considered."

COMPTROLLER'S DIVIDENDS.

Black Hills National of Rapid City Pays 25 Per Cent.

Washington, Aug. 3.—The comptroller of the currency has declared dividends as follows:
First dividend, 25 per cent, the Black Hills National bank of Rapid City, S. D.
Fourth dividend, 20 per cent, the North Platte National bank of North Platte, Neb.

PICTURE OF DORIAN GRAY.

BY OSCAR WILDE.

CHAPTER I.

The studio was filled with the rich odor of roses, and when the light summer wind stirred amid the trees of the garden there came through the open door the heavy scent of the lilac, or the more delicate perfume of the pink-flowering thorn.

From the corner of the divan of Persian saddle-bags on which he was lying, smoking, as usual, innumerable cigarettes, Lord Henry Wotton could just catch the gleam of the honey-sweet and honey-colored blossoms of the laburnum, whose tremulous branches seemed hardly able to bear the burden of a beauty so flame-like as theirs; and now and then the fantastic shadows of birds in flight fitted across the long tussore-silk curtains that were stretched in front of the huge window, producing a kind of momentary Japanese effect, and making him think of those pallid jade-faced painters who, in an art that is necessarily immobile, seek to convey the sense of swiftness and motion. The sullen murmur of the bees shouldering their way through the long unown grass, or circling with monotonous insistence round the black-crooketed spires of the early June hollyhocks, seemed to make the stillness more oppressive, and the dim roar of London was like the bourdon note of a distant organ.

In the center of the room, clamped to an upright easel, stood the full-length portrait of a young man of extraordinary personal beauty, and in front of it, some little distance away, was sitting the artist himself, Basil Hallward, whose sudden disappearance some years ago caused, at the time, such public excitement, and gave rise to so many strange conjectures.

As he looked at the gracious and comely form he had so skillfully mirrored in his art, a smile of pleasure passed across his face, and seemed about to linger there. But he suddenly started up, and, closing his eyes, placed his fingers upon the lids, as though he sought to imprison within his brain some curious dream from which he feared he might awake.

"It is your best work, Basil; the best thing you have ever done," said Lord Henry languidly. "You must certainly send it next year to the Grosvenor. The Academy is too large and too vulgar. The Grosvenor is the only place."

"I don't think I will send it anywhere," he answered tossing his head back in that odd way that used to make his friends laugh at him at Oxford. "No, I won't send it anywhere."

Lord Henry elevated his eyebrows, and looked at him in amazement through the thin blue wreaths of smoke that curled up in such fanciful whirls from his heavy opium-tinted cigarette. "Not send it anywhere! My dear fellow, why! Have you any reason! What odd chaps you painters are! You do anything in the world to gain a reputation. As soon as you have one, you seem to want to throw it away. It is silly of you, for there is only one thing in the world worse than being talked about and that is not being talked about. A portrait like this would set you far above all the young men in England, and make the old men quite jealous, if old men are ever capable of any emotion."

"I know you will laugh at me," he replied, "but I really can't exhibit it. I have put too much of myself into it."

Lord Henry stretched his long legs out on the divan and shook with laughter.
"Yes, I knew you would laugh; but it is quite true, all the same."

"Too much of yourself in it! Upon my word, Basil, I didn't know you were so vain; and I really can't see any resemblance between you and your rugged strong face and your coal-black hair, and this young Adonis, who looks as if he was made of ivory and rose leaves. Why, my dear Basil, he is a Narcissus, and you—well, of course you have an intellectual expression, and all that. But beauty, real beauty, ends where an intellectual expression begins. Intellect is in itself an exaggeration, and destroys the harmony of the face. The moment one sits down to think, one becomes all nose, and all forehead, or something horrid. Look at the successful men in any of the learned professions. How perfectly hideous they are! except, of course, in the Church. But then in the Church they don't think. A bishop keeps on saying at the age of eighty what he was told to say when he was a boy of eighteen, and consequently he always looks absolutely delightful. Your mysterious young friend, whose name you have never told me, but whose picture really fascinates me, never thinks. I feel quite sure of that. He is a brainless, beautiful thing, who should be always here in winter when we have no flowers to look at, and always here in summer when we want something to chill our intelligence. Don't flatter yourself, Basil; you are not in the least like him."

"You don't understand me, Harry. Of course I am not like him. I know that perfectly well. Indeed, I should be sorry to look like him. You shrug your shoulders! I am telling you the truth. There is a fatality about all physical and intellectual distinction, the sort of fatality that seems to dog through history the faltering steps of kings. It is better not to be different from one's fellows. The ugly and stupid have the best of it in this world. They can sit quietly and gaze at the play. If they know nothing of victory, they are at least spared the knowledge of defeat. They live as we all should live, undisturbed, indifferent, and without disquiet. They neither bring ruin upon others nor ever receive it from aling hands. Your rank and wealth, Harry; my brains, such as they are; my fame, whatever it may be worth; Dorian Gray's good looks—we all suffer for what the gods have given us, suffer terribly."

"Dorian Gray's is, that his name?" said Lord Henry, walking across the studio toward Basil Hallward.
"Yes; that is his name. I didn't intend to tell it to you."

"But why not?"
"Oh, I can't explain. When I like people immensely I never tell their names to any one. It seems like surrendering a part of them. You know how I love secrecy. It is the only thing that can make modern life wonderful or mysterious to us. The commonest thing is delightful if one only hides it. When I leave town I never tell my people where I am going. If I did, I would lose all my pleasure. It is a silly habit, I dare say, but somehow it seems to bring a great deal of romance into one's life. I suppose you think me awfully foolish about it?"

"Not at all," answered Lord Henry, laying his hand upon his shoulder; "not at all, my dear Basil. You seem to forget that I am married, and the one charm of marriage is that it makes a life of deception necessary for both parties. I never know where my wife is, and my wife never knows what I am doing. When we meet—we do meet occasionally, when we dine out together or go

down to the clubs—we tell each other the most absurd stories with the most serious of faces. My wife is very good at it—much better, in fact, than I am. She never gets confused over her dates, and I always do. But when she does find me out, she makes no row at all. I sometimes wish she would, but she merely laughs at me."

"I hate the way you talk about your married life, Harry," said Basil Hallward, shaking his hand off, and striding toward the door that led into the garden. "I believe that you are really a very good husband, but that you are thoroughly ashamed of your own virtues. You are an extraordinary fellow. You never say a moral thing, and you never do a wrong thing. Your cynicism is simply a pose."

"Being natural is simply a pose, and the most irritating pose I know," cried Lord Henry, laughing; and the two young men went out into the garden together, and for a time they did not speak.

After a long pause Lord Henry pulled out his watch. "I am afraid I must be going, Basil," he murmured, "and before I go I insist on your answering a question I put to you some time ago."

"What is that?" asked Basil Hallward, keeping his eyes fixed on the ground.
"You know quite well."

"I do not, Harry."

"Well, I will tell you what it is."

"Please don't."

"I must. I want you to explain to me why you won't exhibit Dorian Gray's picture. I want the real reason."

"I told you the real reason."

"No, you did not. You said it was because there was too much of yourself in it. Now, that is childish."

"Harry," said Basil Hallward, looking straight in the face, "every portrait that is painted with feeling is a portrait of the artist, not of the sitter. The sitter is merely the accident, the occasion. It is not he who is revealed by the painter; it is rather the painter who, on the colored canvas, reveals himself. The reason I will not exhibit this picture is that I am afraid that I have shown with it the secret of my own soul."

Lord Henry laughed. "And what is that?" he asked.
"I will tell you," said Hallward; and an expression of perplexity came over his face. "I am an expectation, Basil," murmured his companion looking at him.
"Oh there is really very little to tell, Harry," answered the young painter; "and I am afraid you will hardly believe it. Perhaps you will hardly believe it."

Lord Henry smiled, and leaning down, plucked a pink-petaled daisy from the grass, and examined it. "I am quite sure I shall understand it," he replied, gazing intently at the golden-white feathered disk, "and I can believe anything, provided that it is incredible."

The wind shook some blossoms from the trees; and the heavy lilac-blossoms, with their clustering stars, moved to and fro in the languid air. A grasshopper began to chirrup in the grass, and a long thin dragonfly flitted by on its brown gauze wings. Lord Henry felt as if he could hear Basil Hallward's heart beating, and he wondered what was coming.

"Well, this is incredible," repeated Hallward, rather bitterly—"incredible to me at times. I don't know what it means. The story is simply this. Two months ago I went to a crush at Lady Brandon's. You know your poor painters have to show ourselves in society from time to time, just to remind the public that we are not savages. With an evening coat and a white tie, as you told me once, anybody, even a stockbroker, can gain a reputation for being civilized. Well, after I had been in the room about ten minutes, talking to huge overdressed dowagers and tedious Academicians, I suddenly became conscious that some one was looking at me. I turned half way round, and saw Dorian Gray for the first time. When our eyes met, I felt that I was growing pale. A curious instinct of terror came over me. I knew that I had come face to face with some one whose mere personality was so fascinating that, if allowed to do so, it would absorb my whole nature, my whole soul, my very art itself. I did not want any external influence in my life. You know yourself, Harry, how independent I am by nature. My father destined me for the army. I insisted on going to Oxford. Then he made me enter my name at the Middle Temple. Before I had eaten half a dozen dinners I gave up the Bar, and announced my intention of becoming a painter. I have always been my own master; had at least always been so, till I met Dorian Gray. Then—But I don't know how to explain it to you. Something seemed to tell me that I was on the verge of a terrible crisis in my life. I had a strange feeling that Fate had in store for me exquisite joys and exquisite sorrows. I knew that if I spoke to Dorian I would become absolutely devoted to him, and that I ought not to speak to him. I grew afraid, and turned to quit the room. It was not conscience that made me do so; it was cowardice. I took no credit to myself for trying to escape."

"Conscience and cowardice are really the same things, Basil. Conscience is the trademark of the firm. That is all."

"I don't believe that, Harry. However, whatever was my motive—and it may have been pride, for I used to be very proud—I certainly struggled to the door. There, of course, I stumbled against Lady Brandon. 'You are not going to run away so soon, Mr. Hallward!' she screamed out. 'You know her shrill, horrid voice!'"

"Yes, she is a peacock in everything but beauty," said Lord Henry, pulling the daisy to bits with his long, nervous fingers.
"I could not get rid of her. She brought me up to royalties, and people with Stars and Garters, and elderly ladies with gigantic tiaras and hooked noses. She spoke of me as her dearest friend. I had only met her once before, but she had took it into her head to flout me. I believe some picture of mine had made a great success at the time, at least had been chattered about in the penny newspapers, which is the nineteenth-century standard of immortality. Suddenly I found myself face to face with the young man whose personality had so strangely stirred me. We were quite close, almost touching. Our eyes met again. It was mad of me, but I asked Lady Brandon to introduce me to him. Perhaps it was too mad, after all. It was simply inevitable. We would have spoken to each other without any introduction. I am sure of that. Dorian told me so afterward. He, too, fell that we were destined to know each other."

"And how did Lady Brandon describe this wonderful young man? I know she goes in for giving a rapid précis of all her guests. I remember her bringing me up to a most truculent and red-faced old gentleman covered with orders and ribbons, and his wife, who was in a tragic whimper, who had been perfectly unable to overcome the room, something like 'Sir Humpty Dumpty, you know, Afghan frontier—Russian intrigues; very successful man—wife killed by an elephant—quite inconceivable—wants to marry a beautiful American widow—everybody does nowadays—Mrs. Gladstone—but very

much interested in her! Ask him what he thinks of Schopenhauer.' I simply said, 'I like to find out people for myself.' But poor Lady Brandon took her guests exactly as an auctioneer treats his goods. She either explains them entirely away, or tells one everything about them excepting what one wants to know. But what did she say about Mr. Dorian Gray?"

"Oh, she murmured, 'Charming boy—poor dear mother and I quite inseparably—engaged to be married to the same man—I mean on the same day—how very silly of me! But I forgot what he does—afraid he—doesn't do anything—oh, yes, plays the piano—or is it the violin, dear Mr. Gray? We could neither of us help laughing, and we became friends at once.'"

"Laughter is not a bad beginning for a friendship, and it is the best ending for one," said Lord Henry plucking another daisy.

Hallward buried his face in his hands. "You don't understand what friendship is, Harry," he murmured—"or what equality is, for that matter. You like every one: that is to say, you are indifferent to every one."

"How horribly unjust of you!" cried Lord Henry, tilting his hat back, and looking up at the little clouds that were drifting across the hollow turquoise of the summer sky, like raveled skeins of glossy white silk.
"Yes, horribly unjust of you. I make a great difference between people. I choose my friends for their good looks, my acquaintances for their characters, and my enemies for their brains. A man can't be too careful in the choice of his enemies. I have not got one who is a fool. They are all men of some intellectual power, and consequently they all appreciate me. Is that vain of me? I think it is rather vain."

"I should think it was, Harry. But according to your category I must be merely an acquaintance."

"My dear old Basil, you are much more than an acquaintance."

"And much less than a friend. A sort of brother, I suppose!"

"Oh, brothers! I don't care for brothers. My elder brother won't die, and my younger brothers seem never to do anything else."

"Harry!"

"My dear fellow, I am not quite serious. But I can't help detesting my relations. I suppose it comes from the fact that we can't stand other people having the same faults as ourselves. I quite sympathize with the rage of the English democracy against what they call the vices of the upper classes. They feel that drunkenness, stupidity, and immorality should be their own special property, and that if any one of us makes an ass of himself he is poisoning on their persons." When poor Southwark got into the Divorce Court, their indignation was quite magnificent. And yet I don't suppose that ten per cent. of the lower orders live correctly."

"I don't agree with a single word that you have said, and, what is more, Harry, I don't believe you do either."

Lord Henry stroked his pointed brown beard, and tapped the toe of his patent-leather boot with a tasseled malacca cane. "How English you are, Basil! If one puts forward an idea to a real Englishman—always a rash thing to do—he never dreams of considering whether the idea is right or wrong. The only thing he considers of any importance is whether one believes it one's self. Now, the value of an idea has nothing whatsoever to do with the sincerity of the man who expresses it. Indeed, the probabilities are that the more insincere the man is, the more purely intellectual will the idea be, as in that case it will not be colored by either his wants, his desires, or his prejudices. However I don't propose to discuss politics, sociology, or metaphysics with you. I like persons better than principles. Tell me more about Dorian Gray. How often do you see him?"

"Every day. I couldn't be happy if I didn't see him every day. Of course sometimes it is only for a few minutes. But a few minutes with somebody one worships mean a great deal."

"But you don't really worship him?"

"I do."

"How extraordinary! I thought you would never care for anything but your painting—your art, I should say. Art sounds better, doesn't it?"

(Continued next week)

COMMON DANGERS TO THE EYES.

Reading in the Train Is One of the Worst of Them.

An eminent oculist, says the Reading Times, declares that typewriting has an injurious effect on the eyes.

The operator is obliged to glance incessantly back and forth from the keyboard to the shorthand notes, and this is a muscular exercise of the most fatiguing sort. For this reason, the oculist urges, it is desirable for typewriters to cultivate a familiarity with the keyboard similar to that possessed by the accomplished pianist with the keyboard of his instrument, so that it will be necessary to look at the keys as little as possible.

While the injury that may result to the eyes of a hard-working typewrist who is not sure of her figures and her keys is not to be regarded too lightly, it is not likely to be near as serious as that resulting from the practice indulged in by so many in these days of railroad travel of persistent reading on trains. This practice is most trying on those delicate muscles that regulate the shape of the eyes' lenses and so affect the focalization of the organ. The danger is greatest, of course, on those railroads whose ballasting is imperfect and whose rails are roughly laid, producing much jarring and consequent rapid changing of the distance between the eyes and the paper.

In some cases the eyes of a victim of the railroad reading habit are so affected as to focus at different distances, and then his sufferings are most acute, and though much relief may be afforded by the treatment of a skilled practitioner, nothing but a discontinuance of the habit will afford a perfect cure.

In the case of a person who suffered tortures for two or three years from eye disorder due to train reading, neither rest nor professional skill availed until by accident the yellow window shades in the office in which he was employed were removed, when he was able at once to work with greatly increased ease and comfort, and in a few months was entirely cured.

For an instant the nymph lingered at the brink of the pool from whose pellucid depths she had just emerged. She started. "Approditel! protecatel!" she exclaimed, and she was transfixed at the sight of her own complexion in the water. "I am a beautiful American widow—everybody does nowadays—Mrs. Gladstone—but very

W. S. GOLDIE, Propr.

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARIES.

The legal voters of Brenna precinct will meet at the Moses School house at 8 o'clock sharp, Wednesday, Aug. 12th to elect 3 delegates to the county convention.

D. B. TALLMAN, Committeeman. CALL FOR DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

Notice is hereby given that a democratic county convention will be held in the court house in Wayne, Wayne county, on the 15th day of August, 1896, at 2:30 p. m. for the purpose of electing delegates to the State, Congressional, Senatorial and Representative conventions; to nominate a candidate for county attorney and to transact such other business as may come before the convention.

To the convention each precinct in the county shall be entitled to one delegate at large and one for every twenty votes or major fraction thereof cast for Phil H. Kohl for county treasurer in 1887.

The several precincts will be entitled to delegates in said convention as follows:

Table listing precincts and delegates: Brenna 3, Chapin 3, Deer Creek 2, Garfield 2, Hancock 2, Hopkins 3, Hunter 3, Logan 2, Leslie 2.

It is recommended that the several precincts hold their primaries on Friday the 14th day of August.

WALTER GABLER, Secretary. J. W. ZIEGLER, Chairman.

Democratic Congressional Convention.

The democratic electors of the third congressional district of Nebraska are requested to select delegates to attend a congressional convention to be held at Norfolk on Tuesday, August 18, 1896, at 7:30 p. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination a candidate for congress and for such other business as may properly come before the convention.

The basis of representation will be one delegate at large from each county and one additional delegate for each 100 votes or major fraction thereof cast for Hon. W. J. Bryan for United States senator in 1894. The several counties are entitled to delegates as follows:

Table listing counties and delegates: Antelope 6, Boone 7, Burr 7, Cedar 8, Colfax 12, Cuming 14, Dakota 9, Dixon 7, Dodge 21, Knox 10, Madison 15, Merrick 7, Nance 5, Pierce 7, Platte 16, Stanton 5, Thurston 5, Wayne 7.

Total 168. E. J. ROGERS, Secretary. J. S. DEVRIS, Chairman.

The electoral college this year will consist of 447 electors, necessary to choice 224.

Because the gold bugs say they advocate "honest money" we're not to assume that they are honest in their politics.

"The Silver Cause is Waning" appears in the Sioux City Journal and Times about twice a week these days. It's a sort of whistle the frightened boy makes to keep up his courage.

If all the wind force used in political discussion on the streets of Wayne these days could be utilized as motive power, Wayne county could do without engines and horse powers for the coming three years.

When you show a republican a copy of Thurston's free silver speeches and letters, nine out of ten of them will tell you "they never did think much of Thurston any way, and the tenth will endeavor to do away with the force of the Senator's arguments for silver by saying that he, does not say anything about the ratio.

South Soo Argus: Editor Kelly of the Sioux City Tribune is firing "hot shot" at the republicans editorially and at the same time publishes many articles taken from exchanges which are derogatory to democratic success.

South Soo Argus says he has "taken to the woods" but the close observer will read carefully between the lines and will be seen that he is not in the tall grass.

WHERE THEY STOOD IN '94.

Numerous correspondents ask the Penny Press what were the views of the Republican party on the money question in 1892 and 1894. The Penny Press has several times answered the question and takes pleasure in again reviewing the ground.

As for the Republican party of Minnesota in 1894, it said that the RESTORATION OF SILVER AS ULTIMATE MONEY TO THE CURRENCY OF THE WORLD IS ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY FOR BUSINESS PROSPERITY, PROPER RATES OF WAGES AND THE WELFARE OF THE PEOPLE."

This is a complete refutation of the claims and arguments of every gold organ in Minnesota in 1896.

In 1892, the Minneapolis platform declared "The American people from tradition and interest favor bimetalism, and the Republican party demands the use of both gold and silver as standard money." In 1896, this Republican platform is denounced as absurd and Populistic.

So much for the change that has come over the Republican machine even since 1892. Let us see what the Republican party favored in 1894:

Arkansas: Republicans demanded bimetalism, "both gold and silver as standard money."

California Republicans said: "We favor the free and unlimited coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1."

Colorado: "The Republican party of Colorado demands the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at a ratio of 16 to 1."

Connecticut: "That American silver as well as American gold should be used as standard money."

Delaware: "We favor bimetalism and favor the use of gold and silver as standard money."

Illinois: "We favor bimetalism."

Iowa endorsed the Minneapolis platform of 1892 and the "largest possible use of silver."

Kansas: "The American people favor bimetalism and the Republican party demands the use of both gold and silver as standard money."

Massachusetts Republicans recognized the "gold and silver dollars of the constitution"—the existence of which is now denied.

Michigan Republicans in 1894 said: "We pledge the Republican party of Michigan to use every effort in its power to restore silver to its proper position in the United States as a money metal. We pledge this in the belief that permanent prosperity will not be assured nor justice be done until silver takes its time-honored place side by side with gold as one of the two great money metals of the world."

The restoration of the American bimetalism of 1792-1873 was supported by Minnesota as by Michigan. Minnesota Republicans in 1894 said: That the party believes in Bimetalism, and that restoration of silver as ultimate money to the currency of the world is absolutely necessary for business prosperity, proper rate of wages and the welfare of the people." In 1896, Minnesota Republicans repudiate the restoration of silver and go back to the gold standard.

Missouri: "We pledge ourselves to continue to work for bimetalism."

Nebraska: "We favor bimetalism and demand the use of both gold and silver as standard money."

Ohio: "We favor bimetalism. Silver coinage should be steadily maintained, and constantly en-

couraged by the national government. We advocate a policy which will most speedily restore to silver its rightful place."

Pennsylvania Republicans endorse the bimetallic plank of the Minneapolis platform and demand the expansion of the currency to "40 dollars per capita of our population."

Tennessee favored bimetalism and "both gold and silver as standard money."

South Dakota, Montana and Washington Republicans have always supported free coinage, along with California, Colorado and Wyoming; while a majority of the republicans of North Dakota and Kansas have always favored free coinage.

Such was the attitude of the republican party in 1894, before Wall street got complete possession of the conventions and platform making. The same soulless and powerful machine which demonetized silver in 1873, stopped silver coinage in 1893, issued \$262,000,000 of gold bonds, now owns the Republican party—platforms, bosses, candidates and all.

The following is an editorial from the London Financial News (goldbug.)

"There is a plain moral in the remark that if the United States would venture to cut herself adrift from Europe and take outright to silver she would have all America and Asia at her back and the command of the markets of both countries. The barrier of gold would be more fatal than any barrier of a custom house. The bond of silver would be stronger than any bond of free trade. There can be no doubt about it at all that if the United States were to adopt a silver basis tomorrow British trade would be ruined before the year was out. Every American would be protected, not only at home, but in every other market.

Of course the United States would suffer to a certain extent through having to pay her obligations abroad in gold, but the loss of exchange under this head would be a mere drop in the bucket as compared to the profit to be reaped from the markets of South America and Asia, to say nothing of Europe. The marvel is that the United States have not long ago seized the opportunity. It has been a piece of luck that it has never occurred to the Americans to scoop us out of the world's markets by going on a silver basis and it might serve us right if, irritated by the contemptible apathy of our government toward the silver problem, the Americans retaliated by freezing out gold. It could be easily done.

Secretary Carlisle is now said to lean towards Bryan, and that he will induce President Cleveland to refrain from opposing the Chicago platform. The sound money democrats will not hold a national convention; in fact they are panic stricken in their efforts to put on their silver wings. On the other hand, it is preposterous to assume that a democrat can so stultify his conscience as to vote for McKinley; not if he be a true democrat.

Chicago is to have a morning, free silver, paper. W. R. Hearst of the San Francisco Examiner will be the founder of the Chicago Daily Enquirer, which is to uphold the cause of silver in the middle west.

Governor Holcomb was renominated by the populists in convention at Lincoln on Wednesday.

Out of Thine Own Mouth Will Convince Thee.

The following bit of information is taken from a republican campaign book of 1891, and is supposed to be reliable inasmuch as the first page contains the following:

"BY WAY OF PREFACE. This little handbook is intended to present with as much brevity as is consistent with clearness, accuracy and completeness, in a form both permanent and convenient, the existing principles of the Republican party and the main arguments by which they are sustained. It is intended to fortify Republicans for political discussion. The figures within it and such statements of fact as are not obviously argumentative, are all official, and anything in current Democratic controversy which is at variance with them may be set down at once as false and dishonest. This is a good book, indeed, wherewith to try the Democratic press. By so much as they depart from its facts and figures, they are guilty of deliberate attempts to deceive the people.

"This fact is especially commended to all Republicans who come in possession of a copy. They should not rest content with reading it themselves, but should see to it that as many Democrats read it also as possible. They should act on the theory that any fair-minded man who does read it must inevitably and logically be convinced by it."

"Printed in black type as in original. Measuring both metals by the standard of commodities, it is substantially true to say that gold has appreciated much more than silver has depreciated. In the silver-using countries silver will buy almost as much of everything EXCEPT GOLD as it would ten or a dozen years ago, and this fault sustains the demand for "cheaper" money. The advocates of the gold standard allege that the value of gold is intrinsic, and that a certain quantity of gold bullion having a fixed value should be the standard of exchange. This would be all well enough if anyone were able to insure that the supply of gold would continually increase in ratio with the increasing demand for it caused by a growing population and commerce, but as a matter of fact, it is decreasing in that ratio, and therefore a man who ten years ago contracted a debt which might then have been discharged with a thousand bushels of wheat, must to-day pay many more than a thousand bushels to get himself free. Just as it is true to say that the silver dollar which was exchanged on an equality with gold fifteen years ago is now worth but 80 cents in gold, so it is true to say that an amount of wheat that would exchange fifteen years ago for a gold dollar is worth much less to-day.

The meaning of this is clear. The capitalist can increase his wealth by simply converting it into gold, putting it in a vault and holding it idle for a series of years. At the end of ten years it will buy more provisions and more labor than it would when he stored it. As the supply of gold contracts, everybody must work harder to get it.

It is plain that a debtor is entitled to discharge his obligations for a value precisely similar to that he originally obtained. He cannot do this if the money in which his loan is compulsorily payable increases between the date of its making and the date of its payment. MEASURED IN GOLD ALL OBLIGATIONS HAVE THUS INCREASED IN A VERY SHORT PERIOD OF TIME. The creditor class enjoys therefore, a vast advantage over the debtor class. The men who work for their living and who consume their earnings year by year are placed in a most unfair position."

And the above is but a clipping from this "reliable" book of the "existing principles of the Republican party, and the main arguments by which they are sustained." "Liars should have better memories," to contend with the party of "repudiation."

Democrats should take The Democrat.

Der „ehrlische“ Dollar.

Ein Baderbüchel deutscher Geldproben und deren Anhängel macht unter dem hochtrabenden Titel "German-American Sound Money League" das vand mit Bagatelarbeiten von Pamphleten, die schließlich doch feine Weisheit nicht, unübert. Die Herren Ottenborfer, Steiman und Konforten versichern, sich und anderen einzureden, daß sie das ganze deutsche Voltum in den Ver. Staaten in der Befleissung überbringen, die Herrschaften sind aber nicht gewillt, die Herrschaften in den Ver. Staaten brauchen keine Vorwörter, am allerwenigsten würden sie sich Near Yorker Fragen ausrichten.

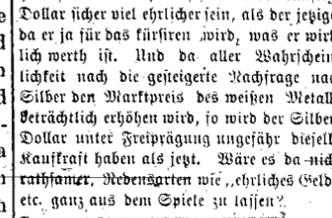
Wer nicht für Goldwährung ist, der ist, wie uns die Ottenborfer ihren Circuläre belehren, entweder ein Dummkopf oder ein Spinnhube. Wer sich unterrichtet, in Bezug auf das Münzwesen eine andere Ansicht zu haben, als Ottenborfer und Konforten, gehört in's Narrenhaus. Die Herren von der New Yorker Staats-Zeitung haben allen Verstand und alle Ehrlichkeit geopfert. Es verzieht sich natürlich von selbst, daß eine ganze Reihe anderer deutscher Zeitungen sich an den Kopfspiel der New Yorker hängt und ihr jedes Viehchen nachhängt.

Wäre es nicht verhängt, wenn die Gegner der Doppelwährung sich in dieser Kampagne eines makroloren Lotes befleißigen würden. Jede Sache hat zwei Seiten und für beide Seiten lassen sich gewichtige Gründe vorbringen. Es ist nicht recht und billig, auf Andersdenkende zu schimpfen und ihren Handlungen unehrliche Beweggründe unterzuschreiben. Die Anhänger unserer jetzigen Goldwährung haben ihre Gründe für ihre Überzeugungen, aber die Lauernde und Abwartende von Deutschen, welche trotz des maßlosen Geschimpfes fast der gesamten deutschen Presse, sich für Silberwährung entschieden haben, sind ebenso ehrlich in ihrer Überzeugung. Wer darf sich anmaßen, die einen oder die anderen dumme und unehrlich zu schelten?

Was ist überhaupt „ehrliches Geld“? Unser jetziger Silber-Dollar ist, wie wir belehren werden, eigentlich nur 50 oder 60 oder 70 Cents werth, ist also doch gewiß kein „ehrlisches Dollar.“ Beizählt die Frägnung mit dem Hammer und der Dollar wird nicht mehr als den Marktwert des Silbers bringen. Wenn es wahr ist, daß unter Silber-Freiprägnung der Welt aus dem Silber-Dollars auf den Marktwert des darin enthaltenen Silbers herabsinken würde, nun, so wird der künftige Dollar für viel ehrlicher sein, als er jetzige, da er ja für das fünfjährige, was er wirklich werth ist. Und da aller Wahrscheinlichkeit nach die gesteigerte Nachfrage nach Silber den Marktpreis des weichen Metalls beträchtlich erhöhen wird, so wird der Silber-Dollar unter Freiprägnung ungefähr dieselbe Kaufkraft haben als jetzt. Wäre es da nicht ratsamer, Arbeitsarten wie „ehrliches Geld“ etc. ganz aus dem Spiele zu lassen?

Seven Months With Fever. Wonderful Recovery of Health.

Mr. Baird's rapid and marvelous recovery from a more skeleton to his normal weight, 270 pounds, was surely the fullest test of the grandest strength-giving and building-up medicine ever produced, namely: Dr. Miles' Restorative Nerveine.



J. H. BAIRD. "Gentlemen—I wish to express to you my gratitude for the great good that Dr. Miles' Nerveine has done for me. I was taken sick with typhoid fever and I laid in bed for seven months. After getting over the fever I was thin, nervous and tired, and did not regain my lost strength. I tried several proprietary medicines, and finally, after having been reduced in weight to 130 pounds, I began trying your Nerveine, and at once began to improve. Was finally entirely cured, and today I can say I never felt better in all my life, and weigh 270 pounds. This is my normal weight, as I measure 6 feet 5 1/2 inches in height."

South Bend, Ind. J. H. BAIRD. Dr. Miles' Nerveine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. Druggists sell it at 60¢ bottles for \$5.00. It will be sent prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nerveine Restores Health.

"THURSTON ON SILVER," One million copies advertised and circulated from Maine to Alaska. Agents wanted everywhere to sell this powerful pamphlet in favor of free coinage as idealized by the chairman of the late republican national convention. It contains 16 pages. Copies by mail 7c.

W. B. CRONBE, PUBLISHER, Lincoln, Neb.

Railway Time-table. EAST. C. ST. P., M. & O. WEST. 7:55 A.M. Overland Passenger. 1:40 P.M. 2:35 P.M. Black Hills Passenger. 9:25 A.M. 3:30 A.M. Accommodation. 3:30 A.M.

ARRIVE BLOOMFIELD BRANCH LEAVE 7:30 A.M. 7:30 A.M. 2:25 P.M. W. MORAN, Agent. Corrected Feb. 1896.

Owing to a contemplated change in our firm we will sell all our furniture out at cost. This is positive. If you want goods cheap, buy them now. BARTLETT & HESTER.

DR. G. NIEMAN, HOMEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon.

Treatment of galvanic and foradic electricity and oxygen in chronic cases. All calls promptly attended. Consultation in English and German.

Edward S. Blair A. M. M. D. WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

OFFICE HOURS 10-12 a. m. 2-5 p. m. OFFICE OVER SEDGWICK DRUG STORE

H. G. LEISENRING, M. D. Physician and Surgeon, WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

Local surgeon for the C. St. P. M. & O. and Union Pacific Railways.

BRITTON & RILEY, Attorneys at Law, WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

ANSON A. WELCH, Attorney at Law, WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

Will practice in all courts. Office over Citizen's Bank.

A. B. CHARDE Attorney at Law, AND Real Estate Agent. WAYNE, NEB.

All Business Carefully Attended To Office over Ahern's.)

AUG. SCHWAERZEL, Shoemaker

Does repairing of Boots and Shoes with neatness and dispatch, at reasonable prices. FINE WORK A SPECIALTY.

Shop on west side lower Main Street opposite Philleo & Son's Lumber Yard.

Poland China

Hogs for Sale. Come and see my spring pigs, By far the Best I have ever raised, All from old sows and old boars. Large litters; an average of 8 from 20 sows. W. J. White. 1 mile west and 2 1/2 miles south of Wayne.

THE NEW YORK WORLD, THRICE-A-WEEK EDITION. 18 PAGES A WEEK 156 PAGES A YEAR

It is larger than any weekly or semi-weekly paper published and is the only important democratic weekly published in New York City. Three times as large as the leading republican weekly of New York City. It will be of especial advantage to you during Presidential Campaign, as it is published every other day, except Sunday, and has all the freshness and timeliness of a daily. It combines all the news with a long list of interesting departments, unique features, cartoons and graphic illustrations, the latter being a specialty.

All these improvements have been made without any increase in the cost, which remains at one dollar per year.

SUPERINTENDENT'S NOTICE. I will be in my office at the court house every Monday and Saturday. Examinations the third Saturday of every month and the Friday preceding. MYRA D. FLETCHER, County Sup.

TAKE NOTICE! T. J. Steele & Co., will buy and sell both cattle and hogs on the Wayne market. Stock cattle a specialty. EARL FRAZIER, Manager

Winside Watchman: Harvey Mettlen was at Wayne on Monday.

Prof. Durbin was up from Wayne Monday.

Mrs. Bryant returned from Wayne Saturday.

Bob Osborn was up from Wayne Wednesday. He contemplates establishing an oil route from the Wayne tanks to Winside.

Lert J. Hoyle came down from Wausa Thursday. The Wausa Herald says he has gone to Hoskins where he relieves the Edwards & Bradford agt at that place.

Wheat is 40 cents. Oats 13 to 14. Corn 14. Flax 71. Butter 7. Eggs 7. Potatoes 40. Hogs, 2.25.

A RED-HOT CAMPAIGN. The present campaign will be the most exciting one fought out since the war. There will not be a day when something of unusual interest will not transpire. The State Journal has made up its mind to surpass all its former efforts in the direction of news giving and will give its readers the most complete details of the campaign, giving all the news from an unbiased standpoint. Republicans will want the Journal because of its staunch republican principles, it being recognized as the standard-bearer of the great republican party of Nebraska. Populists and democrats should read it for the news it gives. The Semi-Weekly Journal will go to thousands of new homes during the campaign. You should subscribe, as it will only cost you 25 cents from now until November 15. Two papers every week, making it almost as good as a daily. Subscribe through your postmaster or send your order to The State Journal, Lincoln, Nebraska.

HUGH O'CONNELL'S Pool and Billiard Hall, In Boyd Annex.

I have removed my stock of drugs and medicines to the

West Side Pharmacy where I have the largest stock of drugs and druggist's sundries in Northeast Nebraska. Call when in need of anything in this line. Also remember I have the largest stock of wall paper in the city, in which can be found some elegant patterns. Phil H. Kohl.

All those owing us on book account must pay up, we need the money. BARTLETT & HIESTER.

THE NEW GULF ROAD

A Great many people are looking for homes. Remember, that the south is attracting more people than any other country; because it is a rich and inviting field, both for the poor and rich, as it offers homes to the homeless and safe and profitable investments to the capitalist. No where are there more opportunities than along the

NEW

Kansas City, Pittsburg & Gulf Railroad now building on an air line from Kansas City to Port Arthur, the new Deep-water, Gulf Coast City. This road has opened up 800 miles of new

COUNTRY

Comprising the finest farming and fruit country in Southwest Missouri and North West Arkansas; peach, strawberry and cotton lands in central and Southern Arkansas; and rice, sugar cane, orange and semi-tropical fruit lands in Southern Louisiana and Texas. The road penetrates vast forests and rich mineral fields and opens up to settlement millions of acres of wild and Government lands in a country possessing a mild, healthy climate, pure springs and running streams, and which is free from drouths, blizzards, severe winters, and where a great variety of crops can be grown. An eight page paper, illustrated pamphlet, giving valuable information to homeseeker and investors will be mailed free by address.

F. A. HORNBECK, LAND COMMISSIONER, 7th and Wyandotte Sts. KANSAS CITY, MO.

S. B. RUSSELL'S ANSWER

County Clerk Russell Files his Answer to Expert

Welty's Report in Which he Claims \$5604.77

Additional Credits from the County.

THE COMMISSIONERS REJECT THE CLAIM.

Russell will Appeal from the Action of the Board, and Fight the Matter out in the Courts.

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners, of Wayne County, Nebraska:

In pursuance with your request I herewith hand you a statement of claims that I hold against Wayne County, and in connection therewith permit me to say, that during the six years that I have held the office of County Clerk of Wayne County much has been done without hope or expectation of reward, and much has been done which under the law and in justice I am entitled to receive pay for.

I respectfully submit that the report of T. J. Welty, the expert, is not in accordance with the contract made between him and Wayne County, in that the contract provides: "And the said Welty shall, under the direction of the Board of County Commissioners of said county, make report of said examination, including among other things an itemized statement of all items not entered on the fee book of the respective officers, and not reported or accounted for in the manner required by law as well as all other errors; and report all such errors to show the book, page, date by year and amount, also name of the transaction in which error may be found, and to be arranged by years."

You will observe in the expert's report that this part of the contract has been wholly ignored by him, and is by reason thereof unfair and prejudicial to me.

In view of this fact, and in view of other errors known to me in said report, I respectfully refuse to abide by said report or to be held liable as therein indicated, knowing the same to be incorrect.

As to the matter of the tax list and as Clerk of the Board of Commissioners, and issuing certificates of election amounting to \$278.35, I respectfully submit that claims for the same have been presented to the Board and allowed, and the warrants issued and the money had thereon to the amount indicated in the expert's report, and at this time I respectfully decline to refund or rebate any of said amount, as said claims have been adjudicated by the Board as by law provided.

It will be seen that nearly all the shortage reported by the expert would be covered by the two items above mentioned, that is, clerk of the Board of County Commissioners and for making the tax list for the various years.

The report, as you will observe, shows the shortage for the year 1890 as \$22.78. This year the Board allowed me \$400 as Clerk of the Board, and the same was turned into the county treasury by mistake; so that if this item of \$400 were allowed to me, as it should be, the County would be indebted to me in the sum \$377.22, irrespective of other claims which I have against the County.

For the year 1891 the expert reports the shortage as \$360.25; this amount does not include \$400 as Clerk of the Board of County Commissioners, which the county now claims I am not entitled to.

For the year 1892 the expert shows that there is a shortage of \$979.77. You will observe that this does not include the tax list nor salary as Clerk of the Board, amounting to, for the tax list, \$434, and as clerk of the Board \$400, which if credited as I claim it should be would leave the balance due the county for that year \$145.77.

For the year 1893 the balance due the county as the expert's report shows is \$1097.71, which does not include the tax list nor the salary as Clerk of the Board, amounting to \$477.80 for the tax list and \$400 for the Clerk of the Board, leaving the balance due the county the sum of \$219.91.

For the year 1894 the expert reports due the County \$1119.63, which does not include the tax list, amounting to \$480, nor salary as Clerk of the Board, \$400, which would leave the balance due the county for that year \$239.63.

For the year 1895 the expert's report shows the balance due the County \$966.61, which does not include the tax list amounting to \$441, nor the salary as Clerk of the Board, amounting to \$400; which would leave due the county \$125.61.

As to the matter of Clerk of the County Board permit me to say that at the first meeting in each year a resolution was adopted by the Board allowing me \$400 as a salary as clerk of said County Board, as by law provided. Under those resolutions I have invariably presented claims and they have been allowed and paid as above mentioned. The making of the tax list has been paid for by claims regularly presented by me and allowed by

the Board, so that I feel that these two items which the expert reports I am not now entitled to have passed into the domain of accounts and claims against the County which have been fully disposed of by the Board. And out of these sums I have paid the extra help it was necessary to employ to keep up the work of the office.

The Board, then, is under the report of the expert, now asking that I should refund to the County sums already allowed by the Board, which I think I am clearly entitled to hold. If these credits are given me as the Board has already allowed them, the report of the expert will show that there is a small balance due the county from me, amounting to the sum of \$38.70; however, the claims which I present herewith will more than cover any deficiency which the expert's report shows against me.

I therefore submit the following claims for the consideration of, and allowance of the Board:

District court fees 1890	\$390 03
" " " 1891	308 40
" " " 1892	353 83
" " " 1893	330 26
" " " 1894	300 73
" " " 1895	496 42
Making a total of	\$2,176 77

These figures are reported by the expert.

Keeping mortgage indebtedness record, for which reports have to be made to the state monthly, from June 1st, 1891, to June 31st, 1895, at \$30 per month. \$1440.00.

This being about 10 for each instrument for compiling said monthly report.

Canvassing election returns for years, 1890, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, at \$6 per yr. 36.00

Recording 450 official bonds and qualifying principals to same, at \$1 each. 450.00

Furnishing newspapers copy of commissioners' proceedings, 6 years, at \$50 per year salary as Clerk of the Board for 1890, turned in to the county treasury. 400.00

To cash paid deputy hire first term in addition to \$450 allowed by the Board. 250.00

Ordering lumber, piling, tiling scrapers, paying freight, checking up, and looking after the same for 6 years, at \$50 a year. 300.00

Services for looking after papers, transporting from county, etc. 100.00

Issuing orders for material to road overseers, as by direction of Board, 6 years. 150.00

Total. \$5,604.77

In addition to the above claims I will say that a considerable amount of recording has been done by me which has not been paid for, which was done by me gratuitously, such as recording deeds and mortgages for religious societies and other like organizations, which would amount, probably, to the sum of \$36 or \$30 during my term. There has been a considerable amount during the continuance of my term which has been charged on the books and has not as yet been collected. These, however, I am ready to account for the same as other fees which have been paid to me; the amount thus outstanding and unpaid is somewhere in the neighborhood of \$300. This sum I say I expect to lose and am ready to make good the same as though collected. I do not consider, however, that this state of affairs has arisen because of my neglect or carelessness on my part, but it has been done through mis-placed confidence, supposing that parties who had work done would pay for the same, and I have no doubt but that it will be all paid ultimately.

I am ready at any time to account to the county for any legal shortage, if any exist, because it has not been my desire or intention to avoid any liability to the county. My intention at all times has been to protect its interest, not to injure it in any manner; and if errors have crept into the records they have been very small and arose wholly from mistakes and not from any intentional desire to cause the county any loss whatever. I had presumed that the two principal items with which I am not credited by the report of the expert, that is the making of the tax list and the salary of clerk of the County Board, was justly and legally allowed me. It has been understood and accepted as the law by the County Board that the County Clerk was entitled to these two items; and as nearly, if not all, of the reported shortage comes out of them it now seems unjust that you should expect the proceedings of for-

mer boards as well as your own should be reconsidered.

All I ask in the premises is that the records of my office may be fully, fairly and candidly investigated, and I stand ready at any and all times to make good to the county any actual deficiency that may have arisen through any fault of mine or my deputies, but I do not propose at this late day to attempt to reverse the decisions of the Boards of County Commissioners during the time that I have occupied the office of County Clerk.

I think it unjust and unfair to compel me to make a thorough and complete investigation of the records of this office during my term at my individual expense, for I consider that the work cannot be properly done for less than the sum of \$500; believing that such investigation could be conducted at a somewhat less expense than that already had by the County, which has already cost the sum of \$668.15 paid the expert, and the further sum of \$293.80 paid to the County Commissioners assisting him.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

Wayne, Neb., Aug. 6, 1896.

S. B. RUSSELL, Clerk.

Just In

A large Assortment of Lace and Fancy Collarettes and White Silk Mitts; Elbow and Shoulder length.

MISS WILKINSON'S.

The Misses Buffington left for Chicago this morning.

Frank Krueger was a business visitor to Sioux City, Tuesday.

Garret's delivery horse ran away yesterday demolishing the wagon.

Dr. Little of Bloomfield was visiting friends in the city yesterday.

Prof. Davies went down to Pender this morning for a week's visit.

The old pump at the city water-works was taken out yesterday for repairs.

Miss Prudence Bush gave a party last evening to a number of her young friends.

Butterick Patterns for September have just arrived at AHERNS'

A large number of townspeople, particularly ladies, drove out to a picnic at Wm. Vincent's yesterday afternoon.

The Randolph and Wayne kid teams played an interesting game of ball at the fair grounds yesterday afternoon; Wayne winning, score 11 to 12.

Claude Rodman, well known to Wayne ball players, has been appointed a government tagger, under the civil service rule, and goes to Davenport, Iowa.

All four ladies shirt waists at half price, this week. AHERN.

A representative of the Minneapolis Journal was soliciting on the street yesterday. He offered to bet a year's subscription to the Journal against republican principles (wind) that Bryan would not be elected.

Newt Hoguewood dug up some old bones at the brick yard Tuesday that somewhat resembled the human frame. They were very old, too old to be taken for anything, except perhaps, the relics of the republican party.

The populist state ticket is as follows: Governor, Silas A. Holcomb; Lieutenant Governor, John E. Harris; Secretary of State, W. F. Porter of Merrick; Auditor, John F. Cornell of Richardson; Treasurer, J. N. Meserve of Red Willow.

Everything in DIMITIES organ-dies, Swisses, Laces, Embroideries, etc., at less than first cost for next 10 days, at AHERNS'.

A democratic caucus to select delegates to the county convention will be held at the Strahan school house, in Strahan precinct, on Wednesday evening Aug. 12, at 8 o'clock.

By order, J. W. ZEIGLER, Chairman.

The fashion plates now ready show some beautiful designs for making up the many new things in dress fabrics just received, and now being shown in our Dress goods Department, AHERN.

The young men's republican club was organized at the court house last Saturday evening. Earl Gibson was elected president, Walden Tucker, secretary. The club held their second meeting last evening in the Bressler building and had an enthusiastic time of it.

GASOLINE ENGINES. STEAM PUMPS. IRON AND WOOD PUMPS. OF ALL KINDS. FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO., 1102 Farnam St. Omaha, Neb.

The following is the program for the commencement week of the Nebraska Normal College, of Wayne. Aug. 7, 8 p. m., Philomathean Society. "8, 8 p. m., Crescent Society. "9, 11 p. m. Baccalaureate Sermon, Rev. E. VanDyke Wight. "10, 8 p. m. Teachers' Class. "11, 8 p. m. Teachers' Class. "12, 8 p. m. Teachers' Class. "13, 8 p. m. Conservatory Dept. "14, 8 p. m. Scientific Class. "14, 10 p. m. Alumni and Banquet. All are invited to attend services at opera house, August 9th.

SHERIFF'S SALE. By virtue of an order of sale issued by the clerk of the district court of Wayne county, Nebraska, upon a decree rendered in said court in favor of the First National Bank of Wayne, Nebraska, and against Frank W. Brown, Louise H. Brown, Delford L. Stiles, land, Ellen M. Fowler, John T. Fowler and tenants I will on the 7th day of September 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the south side of the court house of said county, in the city of Wayne, sell the following described real estate, situated in said county as public auction to the highest bidder in cash, to-wit: The northwest quarter of section six, township twenty-seven, Range one, Wayne county, Nebraska, to satisfy the sum of \$2,410.00 of said decree, with interest at 7 per cent from October, 18, 1896, and according to costs. Dated Aug. 5th, 1896. Ed. REYNOLDS, Sheriff.

HOOVER'S

SHORT ORDER HOUSE.

Meals at all hours; Special attention paid to farmers. When in town call and get a

GOOD WARM MEAL LUNCH.

Prime, Fresh Oysters served in any Style

JOHN S. LEWIS, JR.,

MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN

HARNESS,

Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Bankets.

COMBS, BRUSHES, ETC. Wayne, Neb. Repairing of all kinds promptly attended. Call on me and I will do you good. Pender, Neb.



City Meat Market,

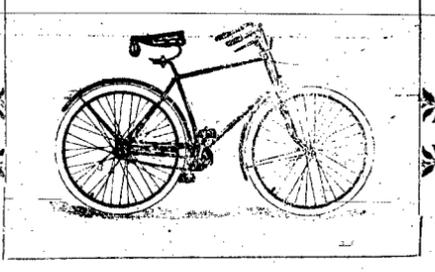
J. H. GOLL, Proprietor.

Fresh, Salt & Smoked Meats.

Highest market price paid for Hides, Pelts and Furs.

WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

Don't Buy a



Until you have seen what we can sell you one for.

The Democrat.

A. L. TUCKER, President, E. D. MITCHELL, Vice Pres. D. C. MAIN, Cashier

CITIZENS' BANK,

WAYNE, WAYNE COUNTY, NEBRASKA.

CAPITAL STOCK -- \$75,000.

Surplus and Undivided Profits \$25,000.

Drafts on all Foreign Countries. Agents for Cunard line Steamship tickets

STATE BANK OF WAYNE

PAID-UP CAPITAL \$75,000.

Transacts a General Banking Business.

The only Bank in the County whose stock is all held at home. Interest paid on Time Deposits.

J. W. Jones, President. C. A. Chace, Vice Pres. Henry Ley, Cashier.

CENTRAL MEAT MARKET

FRED VOLPP, PROP.

Fresh, Salt & Smoked Meats

Always on hand, the best the market affords

Palace Livery & Feed Stable

ELI JONES, PROPRIETOR.

Good Single and Double Rigs Furnished at Reasonable Rates.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO COMMERCIAL MEN.

Agent for Hartman & Co's U.S. Standard

